PLACEMENT OF NITROGEN DURING SIDEDRESSING

TRIAL OVERVIEW

- · Farmers are interested in the question of nitrogen placement and if it has an effect on nitrogen uptake and yield.
- · Nitrogen is a significant cost in corn production. Knowing where to place the sidedressed nitrogen can help a grower decide what method is best for their operation.

RESEARCH OBJECTIVE

• To see if there is an advantage to placing nitrogen right at the base of the plants vs down the center of the row.

| Location | Soil | Previous Crop | Tillage Type | Planting Date | Harvest Date | Potential Yield/Acre | Planting Rate/Acre |
|--------------|-----------|------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Monmouth, IL | Silt Loam | Corn | Conventional | 04/26/2016 | 09/20/2016 | 240 bu/acre | 36,000 seeds/acre |

SITE NOTES:

- A 114 RM corn product was planted conventionally planted on April 26, 2016 and harvested on September 20, 2016.
- Eighty pounds of 32% UAN (32-0-0) was applied and incorporated before planting.
- Sidedress nitrogen (32% UAN) was applied at a rate of 100 lbs/acre at growth stage V6 on June 14, 2016.
- Sidedressing was applied with a rolling coulter in the center of the row on half of the trial.
- Sidedressing was applied with Y-Drop® applicators on the other half of the trial.
- There were 4 replications in this trial.

UNDERSTANDING THE RESULTS



Figure 1. Rolling coulter



Figure 2. Y-Drop® applicator

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN FOR YOUR FARM?

- Average yield for the coulter-applied sidedressing was 252.55 bu/acre.
- Average yield for the Y-Drop® sidedressing was 248.07 bu/acre.
- Application of sidedressed nitrogen at V6 shows no clear advantage to either method.
- Timing of application with the rolling coulter was limited due to the height of the corn.
- The Y-Drop applicator allows a wider application window and is not limited to early season sidedressing.
- The ideal placement of sidedressed nitrogen could change from year to year due to weather and environment.
- Individual corn products may respond differently to timing of sidedressed nitrogen application.
- Farmers should consult their local DSM or Technical Agronomist for recommendations.

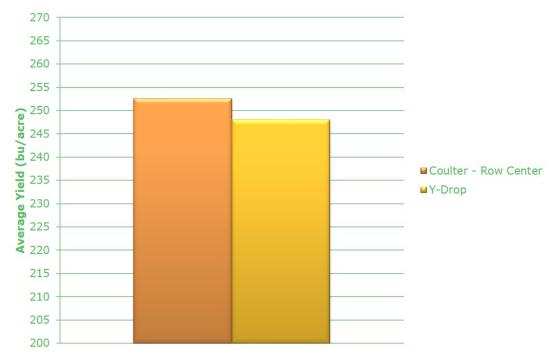


Figure 3. The effect of two methods of sidedress nitrogen application (Coulter – Row Center and Y-Drop®) on corn yield.

- Yield increases may not be economically feasible when all costs are considered.
- Consider all local costs when making nitrogen management decisions.